# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015** 

# CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI FINANCIAL REPORT

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## CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI INTRODUCTORY

## INTRODUCTORY SECTION





January 13, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Berkeley

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Berkeley, Missouri (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, is hereby submitted. This CAFR was prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) by an independent firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants.

This CAFR is the City management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this CAFR. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformance with GAAP.

This internal control structure is designed to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements were audited by Hochschild, Bloom & Company LLP, a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall Financial Statement presentation. The Independent Auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

The City's Finance Department prepared this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, are accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

#### PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City is a community of approximately 9,000 residents located five (5) miles northwest of the western city limits of the City of St. Louis, Missouri. The City is located on the eastern edge of Lambert-St. Louis International Airport and is bisected by Highway I-170. The City extends just south of Highway I-70 and extends northward nearly to Highway I-270. The City covers 4.92 square miles and is bordered by the City of Hazelwood on the north; the Cities of Ferguson, Kinloch, and Cool Valley to the east; Bel Ridge and St. John to the south; and Woodson Terrace and Lambert-St. Louis International Airport to the west. The North Hanley stop of the Metro-Link light rail mass transit system is located in the City.

The City was incorporated in 1937 as a charter city under Missouri statute. The City now operates as a Home Rule Charter City, with a Council/Manager form of government. The charter was approved by the citizens of the City in 1957 and amended in 1960, 1963, 1972, and 1986.

Under the Home Rule Charter, the City has seven (7) City Council Members. Five (5) are elected from the City's five (5) wards and the Mayor and one (1) Councilperson-at-large are elected by the entire City. Under the Charter, the Mayor is referred to as a Councilman and all further references to the City Council include the Mayor. All elected officials serve four (4) year terms.

The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and serves at the pleasure of the elected body. The City Manager is responsible for directing, supervising, and monitoring all City departments, personnel, and operations. The City Manager is charged with managing the City in a fiscally prudent and proficient manner on a day-to-day basis and reports directly to the City Council.

The City is comprised of nine (9) departments: (i) Administration, (ii) City Clerk, (iii) Finance, (iv) Municipal Court, (v) Information Technology, (vi) Police Protection, (vii) Fire Protection, (viii) Public Works, and (ix) Parks and Recreation. Department Directors report directly to the City Manager, while supervisors report to their respective department heads.

The City Council directly controls the appointed positions of the City Manager, Municipal Judge, and City Clerk. The City Attorney is appointed by the City Manager, with the approval of the City Council. All other employees serve under a performance based personnel system established by the City Charter. The City Manager, the Chief Administrative Officer of the City, serves at the pleasure of the Mayor and City Council and is directed to carry out all matters of

policy decided by the City Council. The City Clerk is the City's chief record keeper and, in addition to recording all minutes of Council proceedings and preparing City Council agenda, notifications, etc., will perform such other duties as required by the City. The City Attorney is the City's chief legal counsel, also serving at the pleasure of the elected body. The City Attorney is responsible for providing legal guidance to the Mayor, City Council, and City Manager.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the Finance Director. These requests are then used as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Finance Director presents this proposed budget to the City Manager for review. The City Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. This comparison is presented as part of the financial statements for the governmental funds.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

**Local economy**. The economic condition and outlook of the City continues to remain fairly stable. The City's housing stock, geographic location, and variety of services have kept real estate marketable. Commercial vacancies are still modest and while the potential for further retail and industrial development continues to appear to be favorable within the next five (5) years.

The City's tax structure relies primarily on all sales taxes and utility taxes. Utility tax receipts, property taxes, and sales tax receipts are expected to remain stable in the coming year.

**Long-term financial planning**. The City continues to evaluate the City's transportation system. Several projects are in the planning stages. Partial funding for these is anticipated to come from grant funding.

In a continuing effort to improve the local economy, the City is planning for various redevelopment projects. Use of TIF and TDD tools will be necessary to undertake these projects. Upon the completion of this redevelopment, these projects are anticipated to contribute growth to the City's tax revenues.

**Relevant financial policies**. The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure legal provisions included in the annual budget are approved by the City Council. The City seeks to stabilize operating revenues and expenditures while maintaining the level of service to its citizens.

**Major initiatives**. The City will be considering other projects, such as realignment of major streets, future commercial development, and renovation of other City facilities.

The City has implemented a risk management program. As part of this comprehensive plan, various control techniques, including employee accident prevention training, safety meetings, and departmental first aid training, have been implemented to minimize accident-related losses.

**Pension**. The City sponsors a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its full-time police officers and firemen. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to the pension plan to ensure

that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. The City has been unable to fully fund its annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary for the last nine (9) years. As a result of this shortfall, the City has a net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2015.

The City also provides pension benefits for its non-uniformed employees. These benefits are provided through Missouri Local Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. The City paid 100% of the required contribution, as determined by LAGERS.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the 17<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a Certificate of Achievement.

The preparation of this CAFR would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this CAFR. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

City Manager

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#### **MAYOR**

**Thoedore Hoskins** 

#### **CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS**

Emmalene Mitchell, Ward I
Rita Crawford-Graham, Ward II
Lee Etta Hoskins, Ward III
Louvenia Mathison, Ward IV
Patricia Kirkland, Ward V
Ralph McDaniel, Councilperson-at-Large

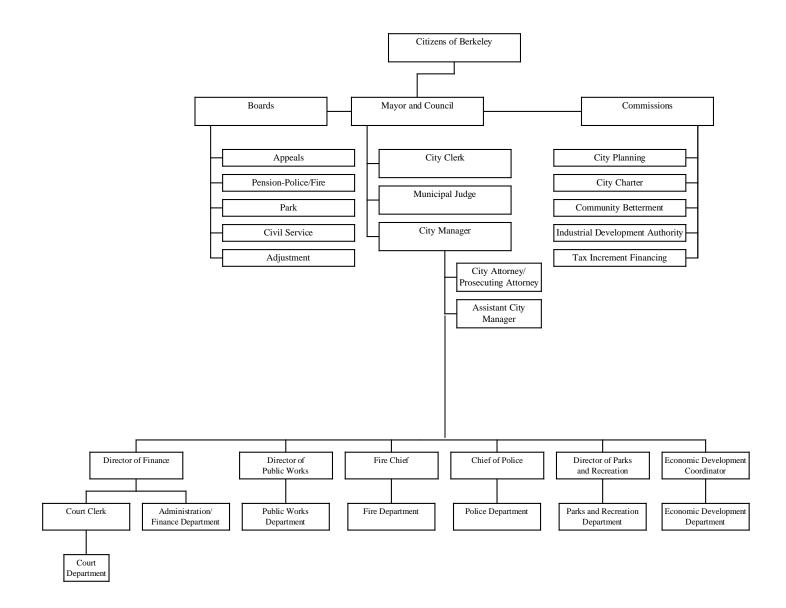
#### **COUNCIL-APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

Abdul Kaba-Abdullah, City Manager Donnell Smith, City/Prosecuting Attorney Deanna L. Jones, City Clerk Jennifer H. Fisher, Municipal Judge

#### **MANAGEMENT STAFF**

Frank McCall, Jr., Chief of Police
Vacant, Fire Chief
Debra M. Irvin, Building Commissioner
Catherine Davis, Assistant Parks & Recreation Director
Daffney Moore, Economic Development Director
Joshua Beeks, Director of Finance

# CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI ORGANIZATION CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Berkeley Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



## Hochschild, Bloom & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants Consultants and Advisors

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

January 13, 2016

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information and introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information.

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mation directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hochschild, Bloom + Company LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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This section of the City of Berkeley, Missouri's (the City) financial report presents an easily readable analysis of the City's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information, which is furnished in our letter of transmittal. For a comprehensive understanding of the financial statements, please review the City's financial statements, including the footnotes that follow the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A).

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On a government-wide basis, the City's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows for the most recent fiscal year by \$15,736,330. The City's total assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the June 30, 2014 fiscal year by \$12,142,088.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,381,030 and increased by \$803,609 for fiscal years June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,844,843.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,201,051.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The first set of financial statements are the government-wide statements which report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses. The two government-wide statements, statement of net position and statement of activities, report the City's net position and how they have changed.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The statement of net position also provides information on unrestricted and restricted net position and net investment in capital assets.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of timing of related cash flows.

The statement of activities presents the various functions of the City and the degree by which they are supported by charges for services, federal and state grants, tax revenues, and investment income.

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The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development as well as interest and fiscal charges.

**Fund financial statements.** The second set of statements are fund financial statements, which provide information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds -- not the City as a whole. The funds of the City can be divided into the following two categories: 1) governmental funds and 2) fiduciary funds. It should be noted that the City does not have any proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds tell how general governmental services were financed in the short-term as well as what financial resources remain available for future spending to finance City programs.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the government-wide governmental activities.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds according to their type (General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Fire Equipment Sales Tax Fund, Building Fund, Economic Development Fund, and Parks and Recreation Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of individuals or units outside of the City. The City is the trustee or fiduciary responsible for assets, which can be used only for the trust beneficiaries per trust arrangements. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The City's Pension Trust Fund is reported under the fiduciary funds. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

**Notes to financial statements.** The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Required supplemental information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and notes to financial statements, this report presents required supplemental information concerning the City's budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Fire Equipment Sales Tax Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, Economic Development Fund, and pension schedules.

**Other supplemental information.** The combining and individual fund statements provide fund level detail for all nonmajor governmental funds and the other major funds.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27, which resulted in pension related assets, liabilities, outflows and inflows. A condensed version of the statement of net position follows:

**Net position.** The City's net position was \$15,736,330. The condensed statement of net position for governmental activities was as follows:

	June	e 30
	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current and other assets	\$ 18,773,137	11,693,055
Capital assets, net	14,444,773	14,376,053
Total Assets	33,217,910	26,069,108
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - pension related	8,383,240	
LIABILITIES		
Other liabilities	1,403,837	991,464
Long-term liabilities	24,330,372	12,935,556
Total Liabilities	25,734,209	13,927,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pension related	130,611	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	6,658,657	6,334,713
Restricted	10,252,639	8,681,265
Unrestricted	(1,174,966)	(2,873,890)
Total Net Position	\$15,736,330	12,142,088

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A portion of the City's net position reflects its investment of \$6,658,657 in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

**Change in net position.** The City's total revenues on a government-wide basis were \$13,353,931. Taxes represent 65% of the City's revenues. Charges for services represent 17% and the remaining 18% is investment earnings; operating and capital grants and contributions; and other revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$11,972,901. The City's expenses cover a range of typical city services. The largest program was public safety (police and fire).

The condensed statement of activities for governmental activities was as follows:

	For The Years Ended June 30			
	2015	2014		
REVENUES				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,224,260	2,290,002		
Operating grants and contributions	950,746	825,480		
Capital grants and contributions	1,181,221	16,400		
General revenues:				
Taxes	8,711,094	8,783,322		
Investment income	15,083	3,589		
Other	271,527	235,389		
Total Revenues	 13,353,931	12,154,182		
EXPENSES				
General government	2,479,700	2,769,915		
Public safety	7,251,355	6,156,773		
Public works	1,304,750	1,489,985		
Parks and recreation	384,482	414,848		
Community development	53,092	-		
Interest	499,522	519,052		
Total Expenses	11,972,901	11,350,573		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	 1,381,030	803,609		
NET POSITON, JULY 1	12,142,088	11,338,479		
RESTATEMENT - PENSION	 2,213,212			
NET POSITION, JULY 1, AS RESTATED	14,355,300	11,338,479		
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 15,736,330	12,142,088		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus on the City's governmental funds is to provide information and balances of available spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,844,843, an increase of \$3,806,091 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 74% of this amount, \$10,203,374, constitutes restricted fund balance, which is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted: 1) to pay debt service (\$1,189,283), 2) for other restricted purposes (\$3,248,104), 3) for economic development (\$2,863,489), and 4) for building (\$2,902,498).

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,201,051, while total fund balance was \$3,631,069. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$2,240,193 during the current fiscal year, primarily due from a combination of an increase in revenues and a decrease in expenditures.

Changes in fund balances for other major governmental funds can be described as follows:

- The Fire Equipment Sales Tax Fund increased by \$210,737 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to an increase in sales tax and a decrease in public safety and debt-related expenditures.
- The Building Fund decreased by \$131,479 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease is mainly due to some engineering and architectural expenditures.
- The Economic Development Fund increased by \$557,530 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to an increase in sales tax and conservative spending.
- The Parks and Recreation Fund increased by \$168,275 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to a park grant received in the current year that was not received in prior year.

**Fiduciary funds.** The City maintains fiduciary funds for the assets of the uniformed personnel through the Police and Firemen's Pension Fund. As of the end of the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the net position of the Pension Trust Fund totaled \$12,580,089. This represents a decrease of \$510,464 in total net position over the last fiscal year primarily due to the decrease in the fair value of the Pension Trust Fund's investments and benefit payments exceeding additions to the Plan.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues for the City's General Fund of \$10,049,323 were 12% more than anticipated budgeted revenues of \$8,996,355. The City's General Fund expenditures of \$7,231,060 were \$702,533 under the budgeted amount of \$7,933,593 primarily due to the decrease in anticipated salaries in public safety and public works, and the decrease in services and materials used by administration and public works.

The General Fund had a net increase in fund balance of \$2,240,193 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital assets.** The City invested \$14,444,773 in a broad range of capital assets. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased for the current fiscal year (including additions and deletions) by \$68,720, mainly due to an increase in additions.

Capital assets net of depreciation for governmental activities was as follows:

	June 30			
	2015	2014		
Land	\$ 1,169,484	1,169,484		
Construction in progress	417,910	35,473		
Buildings and improvements	10,905,211	11,477,865		
Machinery	946,345	490,009		
Furniture and fixtures	346	346		
Vehicles	1,005,477	1,202,876		
Total Capital Assets, Net Of Depreciation	\$ 14,444,773	14,376,053		

All depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note C.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the fiscal year 2015, the City had outstanding long-term debt obligations for governmental activities in the amount of \$8,067,486 compared to \$8,344,672 in fiscal year 2014. A 3% decrease in total long-term debt outstanding is noted below.

The City's governmental activities outstanding long-term debt obligations are as follows:

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# CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	June 30			
	2015	2014		
Compensated absences	\$ 281,37	0 303,332		
Plus - Premium	1,11	6 1,340		
Certificates of participation	7,785,00	0 8,040,000		
Total Outstanding Long-term Debt	\$ 8,067,48	<u>8,344,672</u>		

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note D.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The fiscal year 2016 total expenditure budget is \$19,783,436, an increase over the 2015 budget appropriation while total revenue is budgeted for \$17,217,823 in 2016. The difference is the amount to be used from available fund balances.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

City of Berkeley Keidra L. King, Finance Director 8425 Airport Road Berkeley, MO 63134

The City reports the Industrial Development Authority (IDA) as a discretely presented component unit. Complete financial statements of the IDA can be obtained from their administrative office of the City at 8425 Airport Road, Berkeley, MO 63134.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
\_\_\_\_\_\_ JUNE 30, 2015

	Primary Government	Component Unit
		Industrial
	Governmental Activities	Development Authority
ASSETS	Activities	Authority
Cash and investments	\$ 13,570,528	_
Receivables (net):	Ψ 10,070,020	
Taxes	1,109,985	_
Court	333,039	_
Due from pension fund	18,914	_
Other	871,763	40,000
Prepaid items	30,823	-
Inventory	29,989	_
Net pension asset	2,808,096	_
Capital assets:	2,000,070	
Land and construction in progress	1,587,394	_
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,857,379	
Total Assets	33,217,910	40,000
Total Assets	33,217,910	40,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - pension related	8,383,240	_
Deterred outriows pension related	0,303,210	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	791,166	=
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	70,170	-
Unearned revenue	459,657	-
Accrued interest	82,844	_
Long-term liabilities:	,	
Due within one year	349,462	_
Due in more than one year	7,718,024	_
Due in more than one year - net pension liability	16,262,886	_
Total Liabilities	25,734,209	
70th 2.40 mag		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pension related	130,611	=
•	<del></del>	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	6,658,657	-
Restricted for:		
Building	2,912,898	-
Capital projects	699,188	40,000
Debt service	1,228,148	-
Economic development	2,863,489	=
Fire equipment	1,202,468	-
Parks and recreation	410,825	-
Public safety	210,508	-
Sewer	725,115	-
Unrestricted	(1,174,966)	-
Total Not Position	Ф 15 70 C 220	40.000
Total Net Position	\$ 15,736,330	40,000

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES \_FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

					Net Revenues (1 Changes In N	_
			Program Reven	ues	Primary Government	Component Unit
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities	Industrial Development Authority
Governmental Activities	Expenses	<u>Services</u>	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Authority
General government	\$ 2,479,700	639,559	_	_	(1,840,141)	_
Public safety	7,251,355	978,848	205,591	441,476	(5,625,440)	_
Public works	1,304,750	589,261	745,155	-	29,666	_
Parks and recreation	384,482	16,592	-	739,745	371,855	_
Community development	53,092	-	_	-	(53,092)	_
Interest	499,522	_	_	_	(499,522)	_
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,972,901	2,224,260	950,746	1,181,221	(7,616,674)	-
General Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property					2,034,396	-
Sales					3,735,363	-
Utility					2,521,293	-
Business licenses					420,042	-
Investment income					15,083	-
Other					271,527	-
Total General Revenues					8,997,704	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					1,381,030	-
NET POSITION, JULY 1					14,355,300	40,000
NET POSITION, JUNE 30					\$ 15,736,330	40,000

\_ JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Fire Equipment Sales Tax	Building	Economic Development	Parks And Recreation	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				•			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,414,427	1,165,670	2,927,018	2,773,108	412,951	2,877,354	13,570,528
Receivables, net of allowances where applicable:							
Taxes	565,556	47,059	-	94,301	272,268	130,801	1,109,985
Court	333,039	-	-	-	-	-	333,039
Other funds	11,742	-	8,700	-	-	-	20,442
Pension fund	18,914	-	-	-	-	-	18,914
Other	846,032	-	-	-	-	25,731	871,763
Prepaid items	20,423	-	10,400	-	-	-	30,823
Inventory	29,989		-	-			29,989
Total Assets	\$ 5,240,122	1,212,729	2,946,118	2,867,409	685,219	3,033,886	15,985,483
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 349,950	10,261	33,220	3,920	259,416	134,399	791,166
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	56,106	-	-	-	14,064	-	70,170
Unearned revenue	442,657	-	-	-	-	17,000	459,657
Due to other funds					914	19,528	20,442
Total Liabilities	848,713	10,261	33,220	3,920	274,394	170,927	1,341,435
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue:							
Court	333,040	-	-	-	-	-	333,040
Property taxes	282,002	-	-	-	-	38,865	320,867
Weed/grass cutting	145,298						145,298
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	760,340					38,865	799,205
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:	20.422		10.400				20.922
Prepaid items Inventory	20,423 29,989	-	10,400	-	-	-	30,823 29,989
Long-term receivable	272,955	-	-	-	-	-	272,955
Restricted for:	212,933	_	_	_	_	-	212,933
Building	-	_	2,902,498	_	_	_	2,902,498
Capital projects	-	_	-,,,,,,,	_	-	699,188	699,188
Debt service	-	_	-	_	-	1,189,283	1,189,283
Economic development	-	_	-	2,863,489	-	· · · · -	2,863,489
Fire equipment	-	1,202,468	-	-	-	_	1,202,468
Local law enforcement block grant	-	-	-	-	-	164,320	164,320
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	410,825	· -	410,825
Police training	=	-	-	-	-	46,188	46,188
Sewer lateral	-	-	-	-	-	725,115	725,115
Committed for Ramona Lake	106,651	-	-	-	-	· -	106,651
Unassigned	3,201,051	-	-	-	-	-	3,201,051
Total Fund Balances	3,631,069	1,202,468	2,912,898	2,863,489	410,825	2,824,094	13,844,843
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Of Resources, And Fund Balances	\$ 5,240,122	1,212,729	2,946,118	2,867,409	685,219	3,033,886	15,985,483

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

\_\_\_\_\_ JUNE 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 13,844,843
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$24,869,588 and the accumulated depreciation is \$10,424,815.	14,444,773
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	799,205
Certain amounts are not a use of financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These items consist of:	
Net pension asset	2,808,096
Net pension liability	(16,262,886)
Deferred outflows - pension related	8,383,240
Deferred inflows - pension related	(130,611)
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Accrued compensated absences	(281,370)
Accrued interest on outstanding debt	(82,844)
Certificates of participation outstanding	 (7,786,116)
Total Net Position Of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,736,330

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Fire Equipment Sales Tax	Building	Economic Development	Parks And Recreation	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	General	Saics Tax	Dunung	Development	Recreation	Tunus	runus
Property taxes	\$ 1,764,952	_	_	_	-	440,312	2,205,264
Sales taxes	1,531,208	304,806	-	609,487	609,607	607,498	3,662,606
Hotel/motel fees	121,144	-	-	-	-	-	121,144
Utility taxes	2,521,293	-	-	-	-	_	2,521,293
Licenses, permits, fines, and other fees	2,389,571	-	-	-	16,592	-	2,406,163
Intergovernmental	895,063	-	-	-	177,963	143,062	1,216,088
Sewer lateral fees	-	-	-	-	-	85,562	85,562
Investment income	1,549	1,407	2,277	1,135	118	8,597	15,083
Other income	824,543	-	40	-	200	13,784	838,567
Total Revenues	10,049,323	306,213	2,317	610,622	804,480	1,298,815	13,071,770
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	2,101,820	-	-	-	-	3,208	2,105,028
Public safety	4,007,211	18,361	-	-	-	211,465	4,237,037
Public works	1,111,781	-	-	-	-	-	1,111,781
Community development	-	-	-	53,092	-	-	53,092
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	284,009	-	284,009
Capital outlay	5,523	77,115	133,796	-	237,141	260,411	713,986
Contingency expenditures	4,725	-	-	-	-	-	4,725
Debt service:					-		
Debt principal	-	-	-	-	-	255,000	255,000
Interest and other costs			_			501,021	501,021
Total Expenditures	7,231,060	95,476	133,796	53,092	521,150	1,231,105	9,265,679
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,818,263	210,737	(131,479)	557,530	283,330	67,710	3,806,091
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	28,430	-	_	_	-	956,025	984,455
Transfers out	(606,500)	-	_	_	(115,055)	(262,900)	(984,455)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(578,070)				(115,055)	693,125	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,240,193	210,737	(131,479)	557,530	168,275	760,835	3,806,091
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	1,390,876	991,731	3,044,377	2,305,959	242,550	2,063,259	10,038,752
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 3,631,069	1,202,468	2,912,898	2,863,489	410,825	2,824,094	13,844,843

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	3,806,091
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which			
depreciation totaling (\$958,607) exceeded capital outlays over the capitalization threshold \$606,173 in the current period.			(352,434)
The net effect of contributed assets and various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net position.			
Cost of disposals, net of accumulated depreciation Donations			(20,322) 441,476
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.			52,247
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.			
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also the governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-			
term debt and related items.  Repayments:			
Certificates of participation payable  Amortization  Total	255,000 224		255,224
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Accrued interest on bonds			1,275
Net pension liability expense		(	11,077,118)
Deferred outflows - pension related			8,383,240
Deferred inflows - pension related			(130,611)
In the governmental funds, personnel costs are measured by the amount of financial			
resources used, which does not include the increase in accrued compensated absences. These expenses are recorded in the statement of activities.			21,962
Change In Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$	1,381,030

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**JUNE 30, 2015** 

	Police And Firemen's Pension Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 12,728	-
Restricted cash	-	202,680
Investments:		
Money market funds	525,182	-
Mutual funds	12,034,845	-
Accrued interest	2	-
Other assets	32,496	
Total Assets	12,605,253	202,680
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	6,250	-
Funds held for others	-	202,680
Due to General Fund	18,914	
Total Liabilities	25,164	202,680
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED		
FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 12,580,089	

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ADDITIONS	
Employer contribution	\$ 198,187
Interest and dividend income	346,486
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(129,560)
Employee contributions	172,789
Other income	48,165
Total Additions	636,067
DEDUCTIONS	
Services	75,444
Benefit payments	1,071,087
Total Deductions	1,146,531
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(510,464)
NET POSITION FOR PENSION BENEFITS,	
JULY 1	13,090,553
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED FOR	
PENSION BENEFITS, JUNE 30	\$ 12,580,089

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The **CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI** (the City) was incorporated in 1937. The City operates under the Council/Manager form of government. The Council consists of seven members, one of whom is the Mayor. The Mayor and one other Council member are elected at-large; the other five are representatives elected from each ward. The Council functions under a constitutional charter originally approved by the citizens of the City in 1957.

The accounting and financial reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and any component units, entities which are financially accountable to the City.

The members of the governing board of Industrial Development Authority (IDA) are appointed by the Mayor. Although the City cannot "impose its will" on the IDA, the City provides a material subsidy to the IDA primarily to finance the operations of the organization. The financial activity of the IDA is included in the City's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. Complete financial information of the IDA can be obtained from their administrative offices of the City at 8425 Airport Road, Berkeley, MO 63134.

#### 2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the City is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

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#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Police and Firemen's Pension Fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements, including the Agency Funds in the fiduciary fund financial statement, have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** -- The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Fire Equipment Sales Tax Fund** -- The Fire Equipment Sales Tax Fund accounts for the receipts of the City's <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cent sales tax. These receipts are to be used for equipment for the Municipal Fire Department.

**Building Fund** -- The Building Fund provides funding for payment of costs for the construction of the City's Municipal Improvements.

**Economic Development Fund** -- The Economic Development Fund is used to account for economic development sales tax, which is required to be used for economic development within the City.

**Parks and Recreation Fund** -- The Parks and Recreation Fund accounts for the receipts of the City's ½ cent sales tax. These receipts are to be used for park and stormwater activities.

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#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

# 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

**Police and Firemen's Pension Fund** -- The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's eligible employees.

**Agency Funds** -- Agency Funds account for the assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. Agency Funds are accounted for and reported similar to the governmental funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. These funds account for activities of the Municipal Court Bond Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### 4. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies in certain restricted and special funds. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents the fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. The City's investments are carried at fair value. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on their respective participation. Interest income on restricted cash and investments is credited directly to the related fund.

The City is authorized to invest funds not immediately needed for the purposes to which the funds are applicable in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government agencies, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper. The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized to invest in corporate common or preferred stocks, bonds and mortgages, real or personal property, and other evidence of indebtedness or ownership, but excluding any debt of the City itself and individual insurance policies.

#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### 5. Compensated Absences

Vacations accrue to employees based on months of continuous service. An employee can carry over into the next year up to 2 years' worth of earned vacation days. Upon departure of employment from the City, an employee is entitled to payment for accrued vacation. Vacation expense is not accrued in the respective governmental types as it is earned since it is not expected to be paid from current available resources. Sick leave accrues based upon continuous months of service with the City and may accumulate up to 100 days. Accumulated sick leave will not be paid upon termination of service. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

#### 6. Allowance

Other receivables include weed/grass cutting receivable totaling \$445,968. The allowance for uncollectibles for these receivables is \$289,879. Court receivables total \$1,665,193 with an allowance of \$1,332,154. Trash receivables total \$119,759, all of which is considered uncollectible.

#### 7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year-end are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### 8. Inventories

Inventories of the General Fund are adjusted to periodic physical counts and are valued at cost utilizing the first-in, first-out method of valuation. Inventories consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### 9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, machinery, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, sidewalks, roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair value as of the date of the donation.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than three years. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase

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#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

### 9. Capital Assets (Continued)

the capacity of an asset, are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The City has elected not to record the historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to July 1, 2003. Additionally, there were no infrastructure additions in the current year.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 25
Machinery	5 - 10
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10
Vehicles	5 - 10

#### 10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 11. Interfund Transactions

Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund types.

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

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#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 12. **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **13. Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Since appropriations lapse at year-end, outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments. Encumbrances do not constitute current year expenditures or liabilities. There were no encumbrances outstanding at year-end.

#### **Fund Balance Policies** 14.

The fund balance amounts are reported in the following applicable categories listed from the most restrictive to the least restrictive:

Nonspendable -- The portion of fund balance that is not in a spendable form or is required to be maintained intact.

Restricted -- The portion of fund balance that is subject to external restrictions and constrained to specific purposes imposed by agreement, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed -- The portion of fund balance with constraints or limitations by formal action (ordinance) of the City Council, the highest level of decision-making authority.

**Assigned** -- The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for a specific purpose as determined by the City Manager to which the City Council has designated authority through passage of ordinances.

**Unassigned** -- Amounts that are available for any purpose; these positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City will spend the most restricted amounts before the least restricted. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been de-

#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### 14. **Fund Balance Policies (Continued)**

pleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 15. **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has deferred outflows related to the pension.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first item arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, court, and weed/grass cutting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item is deferred outflows related to the pension on the government-wide financial statements.

#### 16. **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. LAGERS' investments are reported at fair value.

#### **NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### 1. **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. The

#### **NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

### 1. Deposits (Continued)

value of the securities must amount to the total of the City's cash not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of June 30, 2015, the City's bank balances were entirely insured or collateralized with securities by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

#### 2. Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the City had the following investments:

			N.	<b>Taturities</b>			
			Less Than			More Than	
	Fair	No	One	1 - 5	6 - 10	10	Credit
Investments	<u>Value</u>	Maturity	Year	Years	Years	Years	Risk
<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 678,068	-	-	678,068	-	-	AAA
Money market funds	10,995,788	10,995,788	-	-	-	-	Not Rated
Total Governmental			\				
Activities	11,673,856	10,995,788		678,068			
Fiduciary Funds							
Money market funds	525,182	525,182	-	_	-	-	Not Rated
Mutual funds	12,034,845	12,034,845	-	-	-	-	N/A
Total Fiduciary							
Funds	12,560,027	12,560,027					
Total Investments	\$ 24,233,883	23,555,815	<u> </u>	678,068	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

#### **Investments Policies**

**Credit Risk** is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy is to minimize credit risk by prequalifying the financial institutions with which the City does business and diversifying the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

**Interest Rate Risk** is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City's policy is to minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements and investing operating funds primarily in shorter term securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy is to minimize risk by disclosing, by amount and issuer, investments in any single issuer that represent more than 5% of the total investments in the category they are reported in.

### **NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	For The Year Ended June 30, 2015			
	Balance			Balance
	June 30			June 30
	2014	Increases	Decreases	2015
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,169,484	-	-	1,169,484
Construction in progress	35,473	382,437		417,910
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	1,204,957	382,437		1,587,394
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	15,642,008	-	-	15,642,008
Machinery	3,017,935	665,212	88,810	3,594,337
Furniture and fixtures	120,957	-	-	120,957
Vehicles	4,129,341	-	204,449	3,924,892
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	22,910,241	665,212	293,259	23,282,194
Less - Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	4,164,143	572,654	-	4,736,797
Machinery	2,527,926	192,141	72,075	2,647,992
Furniture and fixtures	120,611	-	-	120,611
Vehicles	2,926,465	193,812	200,862	2,919,415
Total Accumulated Depre-				
ciation	9,739,145	958,607	272,937	10,424,815
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	13,171,096	(293,395)	20,322	12,857,379
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,376,053	89,042	20,322	\$ 14,444,773

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	For The Year Ended June 30 2015
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
General government	\$ 329,644
Public safety	383,725
Public works	137,865
Parks and recreation	<u>107,373</u>
Total	\$ 958,607

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#### NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity was as follows:

	For The Year Ended June 30, 2015				<b>Amounts</b>
	Balance June 30 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30 2015	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 303,332	74,483	96,445	281,370	89,462
Certificates of participation	8,040,000	-	255,000	7,785,000	260,000
Plus - Premium	1,340		224	1,116	
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 8,344,672	74,483	351,669	8,067,486	349,462

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Certificates of participation are liquidated by the Debt Service Rent Fund.

#### **Certificates of Participation**

In July 2010 the City issued \$9,095,000 in Certificates of Participation (Series 2010) to provide funds for the construction of a new City hall and fire station. The certificates are due in varying amounts through May 1, 2035 with interest at 2.0% to 7.1%.

Aggregate maturities required on the certificates of participation are as follows:

For The Years Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 260,000	489,930	749,930
2017	270,000	482,130	752,130
2018	280,000	473,355	753,355
2019	290,000	463,695	753,695
2020	300,000	453,110	753,110
2021 - 2025	1,690,000	1,994,625	3,684,625
2026 - 2030	2,085,000	1,377,350	3,462,350
2031 - 2035	2,610,000	572,615	3,182,615
Total	\$ 7,785,000	<u>6,306,810</u>	14,091,810

#### **Authorized But Unissued**

At June 30, 2015, the City had \$3,000,000 of general obligation bonds authorized but unissued. These general obligation bonds may provide funds for the purpose of constructing, improving, and equipping a police facility and related improvements (see Note M).

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#### **NOTE E - PENSION PLANS**

The City maintains a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan (Police and Firemen's Pension Fund of the City of Berkeley, Missouri) which covers all full-time police and firemen and participates in the state-wide Missouri Local Government Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan which covers all of the other City full-time employees.

#### 1. Police and Firemen's Pension Fund of the City of Berkeley, Missouri (the Plan)

#### **General Information about the Plan**

#### Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all of the City's full-time police and firemen employees. The Plan was created and is governed by City ordinance. The Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial report. The financial information is included as a Trust Fund in the City's basic financial statements. Information about the Plan is provided in a summary plan description.

#### Benefits Provided

All full-time police and firemen of the City are eligible to participate in the Plan. Monthly benefit payments are determined by application of a benefit ratio to participant's final average salary for the full five years preceding retirement. In determining the benefit ratio, a participant may receive credit for a maximum of 25 year's employment. The Plan also provides for disability and surviving spouse benefits. Benefits in the Plan vest after 10 years of service.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Membership in the Plan is comprised of the following:

<u>Group</u>	June 30 
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	48
Active employees	53
Vested terminated employees	4
Total	<u>105</u>

#### **Contributions**

The Plan is funded, in accordance with City ordinances, by taxes levied for such purpose and contributions by participants based on 6% of compensation. The City ordinances governing the Plan do not require the funding of pension costs accrued by other than taxes levied for such purposes. The City assesses a tax of \$0.11 per \$100 of assessed valuation for its contribution to the Plan. Currently, this dedicated is not generating nearly enough revenue to support the existing benefit structure.

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# 1. Police and Firemen's Pension Fund of the City of Berkeley, Missouri (the Plan) (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The liability for this debt is liquidated by the Pension Tax Fund.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5% Salary increase 4%, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of investment expense

Mortality rates are based in the RP-2000 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants, and Disable Annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA for healthy participants.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate Of Return
Diversified/GTAA	5 %	2.84 %
Equity	60	6.42 - 7.34
Fixed income	35	4.40
Total	<u>100</u> %	

#### Discount Rate

The Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actu-

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# 1. Police and Firemen's Pension Fund of the City of Berkeley, Missouri (the Plan) (Continued)

arial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the Plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the Plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be sufficient.

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.5%; the municipal bond rate is 3.80% and the resulting single discount rate is 4.36%.

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 18,661,389	13,090,553	5,570,836	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	1,091,922	-	1,091,922	
Interest	1,227,628	-	1,227,628	
Assumption changes	8,933,123	-	8,933,123	
Contributions - employer	-	198,187	(198,187)	
Contributions - employee	-	172,789	(172,789)	
Net investment income	-	265,091	(265,091)	
Benefit payments, including				
refunds	(1,071,087)	(1,071,087)	-	
Administrative expense		(75,444)	75,444	
Net Changes	10,181,586	(510,464)	10,692,050	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 28,842,975	12,580,089	16,262,886	

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 4.36%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (3.36%) or 1% point higher (5.36%) than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount Rate		
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
Net pension liability	\$ 20,777,667	16,262,886	12,633,264

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# 1. Police and Firemen's Pension Fund of the City of Berkeley, Missouri (the Plan) (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,030,804. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows	<u>Inflows</u>	<b>Net Outflows</b>
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected	\$ 7,308,919	-	7,308,919
and actual earnings	550,514		550,514
Total	\$ 7,859,433		7,859,433

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The	
Years Ending	
June 30	
2016	\$ 1,761,833
2017	1,761,833
2018	1,761,833
2019	1,761,833
2020	812,101
Total	\$ 7,859,433

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the City did not have a payable for outstanding contributions to this pension plan.

## 2. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)

#### Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in LAGERS. LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo 70.600 - 70.755. As such, it is LAGERS' responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS' Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS' website at www.molagers.org.

#### Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 and receive a reduced allowance.

### **2015 Valuation**

Benefit multiplier 1.6% for life, plus 0.4% to age 65 Final average salary 3 years Member contributions - %

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	50
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	34
Active employees	42

Total <u>126</u>

## 2. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the City do not contribute to the pension plan. The City contribution rate is 4.1% of annual covered payroll.

#### Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2015.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.5% wages inflation, 3% price wage inflation Salary increase 3.5% to 6.8% including inflation Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Mortality rates were based on 105% of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back zero years for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2005 through February 28, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

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#### 2. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) (Continued)

		Long-term
		Expected
		Real Rate
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Of Return
P	40.700/	5,500/
Equity	48.50%	5.50%
Fixed income	25.00	2.25
Real assets	20.00	4.50
Strategic Assets	6.50	7.50

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employeers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

	Increase (Decrease)			
		tal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	9,406,331	12,599,495	(3,193,164)
Changes for the year				
Service cost		168,470	-	168,470
Interest		669,091	-	669,091
Difference between expected and actual experience		(188,570)	-	(188,570)
Contributions - employer		-	59,341	(59,341)
Net investment income		-	240,665	(240,665)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(529,768)	(529,768)	_
Administrative expense		(32),700)	(10,904)	10,904
Other changes		<u>-</u>	(25,179)	25,179
Net Changes		119,223	(265,845)	385,068
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	9,525,554	12,333,650	(2,808,096)

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### 2. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%) or 1% point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase	
Net pension liability (asset)	(\$1,674,529)	(2,808,096)	(3,758,783)	

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$51,213. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows	<u>Inflows</u>	Net Outflows
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$ -	(130,611)	(130,611)
plan investments	523,807		523,807
Total	\$ 523,807	(130,611)	393,196

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The Years Ending June	
2016	\$ 72,993
2017	72,993
2018	116,259
2019	130,951
Total	<u>\$ 393,196</u>

#### 2. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) (Continued)

#### **Payable to Pension Plan**

At June 30, 2015, the City reported a payable of \$9,884 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

#### NOTE F - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City makes contributions into the plan on behalf of certain employees. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The plan is administered by unrelated financial institutions. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. It is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that the City has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The City's 457 deferred compensation plan is excluded from the City's assets because it is held in trust.

#### **NOTE G - INTERFUND TRANSFRS**

Interfund transfers are as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	For The Year Ended June 30 2015	
General	Nonmajor	\$ 28,430	
Nonmajor	General	606,500	
Nonmajor	Parks and recreation	115,055	
Nonmajor	Nonmajor	234,470	
Total		\$ 984,455	

Interfund transfers may be used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that ordinance or budget required to collect them to the fund that ordinance or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected to other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization, or 3) move revenues in excess of current year expenditures to other funds.

#### **NOTE H - OPERATING LEASES**

The City leases equipment under certain operating lease agreements with items in excess of one year. Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$27,030.

#### **NOTE H - OPERATING LEASES (Continued)**

Minimum future lease payments are as follows:

For The		
Years Ending		
<b>June 30</b>		
2016	\$	27,030
2017		27,030
2018		27,030
2019		20,273
Total	<u>\$</u>	101,363

#### **NOTE I - PROPERTY TAXES**

The City's property tax is levied each October based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are billed in November, due and collectible on December 31, and delinquent after December 31. Liens are placed on property for delinquent taxes on the January 1 following the due date.

Taxes levied for 2014 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts; however, revenue recognition on all property tax receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end is deferred on the fund financial statements and recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. The 2014 levy was due and collectible within the City's fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in municipal taxes receivable in the accompanying fund financial statements.

#### **NOTE J - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City carries commercial insurance for its risks of loss, including property, general umbrella, and public officials' liability insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE K - CONTINGENCIES**

The City may be subject to various contingencies and lawsuits. The City is involved in a pending lawsuit regarding a collective bargaining agreement. Though, the outcome of this lawsuit is not presently determinable, the potential loss may be material.

#### **NOTE L - RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$10,252,639 of restricted net position of which \$9,024,491 is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **NOTE M - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 28, 2015, the City issued \$3,000,000 of series 2015 general obligation bonds with varying interest rates from 3% - 5% for the purpose of constructing, improving, and equipping a police facility and related improvements.

#### NOTE N - FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72 (GASB 72), Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This statement requires additional analysis of fair value if the volume or level of activity for an asset or liability has significantly decreased. It also requires measurement at acquisition value (an entry price) for donated capital assets, donated works of arts, historical treasures, and similar assets and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement. These assets were previously required to be measured at fair value. There are also disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. GASB 72 will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 77 (GASB 77), *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients, the gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period, and commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement. GASB 77 will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2017.

#### NOTE O - FINES AND COURT COSTS FOR TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS

RSMo 302.341.2 requires an accounting of the percentage of annual fines and court costs for traffic violations, including amended charges from any charged traffic violation, occurring within the City to total general operating revenue, to be included in the annual financial report. At this point in time, the system through which the municipal court would obtain this information is unable to provide the specific information necessary to sepa-

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### NOTE O - FINES AND COURT COSTS FOR TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS (Continued)

rate the annual fines and court costs for traffic violations from total fines and court costs for all violations. During the year, the amount of fines, forfeitures, and court costs of all types, general operating revenue, and related percentage amounted to \$961,685, \$8,510,797, and 11.3%, respectively, which is below the threshold of 30% identified in RSMo 302.341.2.

#### **NOTE P - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

The previous amount of net position has been restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Net position, June 30, 2014, as previously reported Restatement for GASB 68 implementation:	\$ 12,142,088	
Net pension obligation	3,193,164 (979,952)	
Net Position, June 30, 2014, As Restated	\$ 14,355,300	

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CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOUR REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final	Actual	Over (Under)
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	Budget
Property Taxes			
Real estate	\$ 900,000	1,233,858	333,858
Personal property	500,000	452,119	(47,881)
Railroad and utility	50,000	49,871	(129)
Commercial surcharges fees	20,000	29,104	9,104
Total Property Taxes	1,470,000	1,764,952	294,952
Sales Taxes	1,435,000	1,531,208	96,208
Hotel/motel fee	140,000	121,144	(18,856)
Utility Taxes			
Electric	1,500,000	1,563,019	63,019
Gas	350,000	388,622	38,622
Telephone	410,000	356,609	(53,391)
Water	120,000	144,083	24,083
Cable	50,000	68,960	18,960
Total Utility Taxes	2,430,000	2,521,293	91,293
Licenses			
Merchants and manufacturers	485,000	420,042	(64,958)
Liquor	8,500	7,411	(1,089)
Animal	50	63	13
Vending machine	1,000	30	(970)
Sign	24,000	21,852	(2,148)
Manufacturer fee and ad valorem tax	535,000	610,049	75,049
Penalties	-	154	154
Total Licenses	1,053,550	1,059,601	6,051
Permits			
Building	45,000	196,075	151,075
Electrical	18,000	36,187	18,187
Plumbing	9,000	25,595	16,595
Mechanical	9,500	27,854	18,354
Occupancy	14,500	21,621	7,121
Excavation	1,000	6,508	5,508
Demolition	1,500	3,000	1,500
Trailer parking	- -	36	36
Fence	500	2,093	1,593
Sign	4,000	4,968	968
Roofing	15,000	12,373	(2,627)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES (Continued)			
Permits (Continued)			
Rental owner	13,000	26,375	13,375
Special use	4,900	5,600	700
Total Permits	135,900	368,285	232,385
Fines and Court Costs			
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	1,300,000	876,610	(423,390)
Forfeitures and deposits	40,000	85,075	45,075
Total Fines And Court Costs	1,340,000	961,685	(378,315)
Intergovernmental			
Gasoline tax	205,000	237,529	32,529
Road and bridge tax	200,000	217,069	17,069
Cigarette tax	24,000	23,613	(387)
Motor vehicle fees	25,000	38,704	13,704
Grants	-	378,148	378,148
Total Intergovernmental	454,000	895,063	441,063
Investment Income	150,000	1,549	(148,451)
Other Income			
Inspections	55,000	66,037	11,037
Fire reports	100	160	60
Police reports	5,000	9,766	4,766
Grass/weed cutting	55,305	51,686	(3,619)
Insurance recoveries	-	66,246	66,246
Northpark-Evans lane recovery	-	561,782	561,782
Other income	272,500	68,866	(203,634)
Total Other Income	387,905	824,543	436,638
Total Revenues	8,996,355	10,049,323	1,052,968
EXPENDITURES			
General Government			
City Council:			
Salaries and benefits	54,653	14,910	(39,743)
Services	70,000	50,691	(19,309)
Council expenses	85,200	70,916	(14,284)
Total City Council	209,853	136,517	(73,336)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Duuget	Actual	Buaget
General Government (Continued)			
Administration:			
Salaries and benefits	280,111	261,444	(18,667)
Services	1,137,025	1,009,559	(127,466)
Materials and supplies	7,500	4,864	(2,636)
Total Administration	1,424,636	1,275,867	(148,769)
City clerk:			
Salaries and benefits	54,520	54,812	292
Services	15,200	11,057	(4,143)
Materials and supplies	900	118	(782)
Capital outlay	-	333	333
Total City Clerk	70,620	66,320	(4,300)
Finance:			
Salaries and benefits	274,485	275,167	682
Services	51,200	77,699	26,499
Materials and supplies	1,750	1,954	204
Total Finance	327,435	354,820	27,385
Municipal court:			
Salaries and benefits	132,898	131,195	(1,703)
Services	30,300	15,556	(14,744)
Materials and supplies	5,600	2,128	(3,472)
Total Municipal Court	168,798	148,879	(19,919)
Information technology:			
Salaries and benefits	100,442	67,798	(32,644)
Services	49,770	36,258	(13,512)
Materials and supplies	35,900	15,694	(20,206)
Capital outlay	1,000	-	(1,000)
Total Information Technology	187,112	119,750	(67,362)
Total General Government	2,388,454	2,102,153	(286,301)
Public Safety			
Police department:			
Salaries and benefits	2,251,943	2,273,024	21,081
Services	84,050	122,474	38,424
Materials and supplies	97,800	74,826	(22,974)
Total Police Department	2,433,793	2,470,324	36,531

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Public Safety (Continued)   Fire department:   Salaries and benefits   Safaver   Saf		Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Public Safety (Continued)   Fire department:   Salaries and benefits   1,373,202   1,269,000   (104,202)     Services   192,000   197,338   5,338     Materials and supplies   50,000   70,549   20,549     Capital outlay   6,000   7 (6,000)     Total Fire Department   1,621,202   1,536,887   (84,315)     Total Public Safety   4,054,995   4,007,211   (47,784)     Public Works     Public works department:   112,987   122,430   9,443     Services   15,400   10,808   (4,592)     Materials and supplies   3,400   2,481   (919)     Total Public Works Department   131,787   135,719   3,932     Inspections:   3,400   2,481   (919)     Total Public Works Department   131,787   135,719   3,932     Inspections:   200,396   170,534   (29,862)     Services   2,250   3,655   1,405     Materials and supplies   6,000   4,609   (1,391)     Total Inspections   208,646   178,798   (29,848)     Street maintenance:   2,250   3,655   1,405     Salaries and benefits   291,099   208,045   (83,054)     Services   85,000   67,067   (17,933)     Materials and supplies   229,325   195,978   (33,347)     Capital outlay   2, 3,288   328     Total Street Maintenance   605,424   471,418   (134,006)     Central garage:   2,875   33,376   7,501     Materials and supplies   196,129   182,281   (13,848)     Services   25,875   33,376   7,501     Materials and supplies   14,300   11,194   (3,106)     Capital outlay   7,500   4,862   (2,638)	EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Dauger	Hetuui	Duager
Fire department:         Salaries and benefits         1,373,202         1,269,000         (104,202)           Services         192,000         197,338         5,338           Materials and supplies         50,000         70,549         20,549           Capital outlay         6,000         -         (6,000)           Total Fire Department         1,621,202         1,536,887         (84,315)           Total Public Safety         4,054,995         4,007,211         (47,784)           Public works           Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:           Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         85,000         67,067         (17,933)				
Salaries and benefits         1,373,202         1,269,000         (104,202)           Services         192,000         197,338         5,338           Materials and supplies         50,000         70,549         20,549           Capital outlay         6,000         -         (6,000)           Total Fire Department         1,621,202         1,536,887         (84,315)           Total Public Safety         4,054,995         4,007,211         (47,784)           Public Works           Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:           Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
Services         192,000         197,338         5,388           Materials and supplies         50,000         70,549         20,549           Capital outlay         6,000         -         (6,000)           Total Fire Department         1,621,202         1,536,887         (84,315)           Total Public Safety         4,054,995         4,007,211         (47,784)           Public Works           Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         2         20,396         170,534         (29,862)           Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         2,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933	•	1,373,202	1,269,000	(104,202)
Materials and supplies         50,000         70,549         20,549           Capital outlay         6,000         -         (6,000)           Total Fire Department         1,621,202         1,536,887         (84,315)           Total Public Safety         4,054,995         4,007,211         (47,784)           Public Works           Public works department           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328 <tr< td=""><td>Services</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Services			
Capital outlay         6,000         — (6,000)           Total Fire Department         1,621,202         1,536,887         (84,315)           Total Public Safety         4,054,995         4,007,211         (47,784)           Public Works           Public works department:         8         8         112,987         122,430         9,443         9,443         Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)         4,052)         Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)         3,932         1019	Materials and supplies	50,000	70,549	
Total Fire Department Total Public Safety         1,621,202         1,536,887         (84,315)           Public Works           Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         29,2325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         32	= =		-	
Public Works         Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         292,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (13,006)           Central garage	÷ •		1,536,887	
Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         - 328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862<				
Public works department:           Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         - 328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862<	Public Works			
Salaries and benefits         112,987         122,430         9,443           Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638) <td>Public works department:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Public works department:			
Services         15,400         10,808         (4,592)           Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	•	112,987	122,430	9,443
Materials and supplies         3,400         2,481         (919)           Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:           Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	Services			
Total Public Works Department         131,787         135,719         3,932           Inspections:         Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:           Salaries and benefits         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:           Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	Materials and supplies	3,400	2,481	
Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:           Salaries and benefits         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:           Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)		131,787	135,719	
Salaries and benefits         200,396         170,534         (29,862)           Services         2,250         3,655         1,405           Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:           Salaries and benefits         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:           Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	Inspections:			
Materials and supplies         6,000         4,609         (1,391)           Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:           Salaries and benefits         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:           Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)		200,396	170,534	(29,862)
Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:           Salaries and benefits         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	Services	2,250	3,655	1,405
Total Inspections         208,646         178,798         (29,848)           Street maintenance:           Salaries and benefits         291,099         208,045         (83,054)           Services         85,000         67,067         (17,933)           Materials and supplies         229,325         195,978         (33,347)           Capital outlay         -         328         328           Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	Materials and supplies	6,000	4,609	(1,391)
Salaries and benefits       291,099       208,045       (83,054)         Services       85,000       67,067       (17,933)         Materials and supplies       229,325       195,978       (33,347)         Capital outlay       -       328       328         Total Street Maintenance       605,424       471,418       (134,006)         Central garage:         Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)		208,646	178,798	
Services       85,000       67,067       (17,933)         Materials and supplies       229,325       195,978       (33,347)         Capital outlay       -       328       328         Total Street Maintenance       605,424       471,418       (134,006)         Central garage:         Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)	Street maintenance:			
Services       85,000       67,067       (17,933)         Materials and supplies       229,325       195,978       (33,347)         Capital outlay       -       328       328         Total Street Maintenance       605,424       471,418       (134,006)         Central garage:         Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)	Salaries and benefits	291,099	208,045	(83,054)
Materials and supplies       229,325       195,978       (33,347)         Capital outlay       -       328       328         Total Street Maintenance       605,424       471,418       (134,006)         Central garage:         Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)	Services	85,000	67,067	(17,933)
Total Street Maintenance         605,424         471,418         (134,006)           Central garage:         Salaries and benefits         196,129         182,281         (13,848)           Services         25,875         33,376         7,501           Materials and supplies         14,300         11,194         (3,106)           Capital outlay         7,500         4,862         (2,638)	Materials and supplies	229,325	195,978	
Central garage:         Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)	Capital outlay	-	328	328
Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)	Total Street Maintenance	605,424	471,418	(134,006)
Salaries and benefits       196,129       182,281       (13,848)         Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)	Central garage:			
Services       25,875       33,376       7,501         Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)		196,129	182,281	(13,848)
Materials and supplies       14,300       11,194       (3,106)         Capital outlay       7,500       4,862       (2,638)				
Capital outlay 7,500 4,862 (2,638)				
	* *			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Duager	1100001	Duaget
Public Works (Continued)			
Facility maintenance:			
Salaries and benefits	82,263	83,832	1,569
Services	4,200	3,400	(800)
Materials and supplies	14,020	12,091	(1,929)
Total Facility Maintenance	100,483	99,323	(1,160)
Total Public Works	1,290,144	1,116,971	(173,173)
Contingency Expenditure	200,000	4,725	(195,275)
Total Expenditures	7,933,593	7,231,060	(702,533)
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,062,762	2,818,263	1,755,501
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	171,702	28,430	(143,272)
Transfers out	(606,500)	(606,500)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(434,798)	(578,070)	(143,272)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 627,964	2,240,193	1,612,229
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		1,390,876	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30		\$ 3,631,069	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FIRE EQUIPMENT SALES TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES				
Sales taxes	\$ 202,000	304,806	102,806	
Investment income	275	1,407	1,132	
Total Revenues	202,275	306,213	103,938	
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety	3,000	18,361	15,361	
Capital outlay	153,200	77,115	(76,085)	
Total Expenditures	156,200	95,476	(60,724)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 46,075	210,737	164,662	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		991,731		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30		\$ 1,202,468		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND \_\_\_\_\_FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES			
Sales taxes	\$ 425,000	609,487	184,487
Investment income	500	1,135	635
Total Revenues	425,500	610,622	185,122
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and benefits	68,971	46,336	(22,635)
Services	80,596	6,134	(74,462)
Materials and supplies	635,000	622	(634,378)
Capital outlay	200,000	-	(200,000)
Total Expenditures	984,567	53,092	(931,475)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (559,067)	557,530	1,116,597
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		2,305,959	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30		\$ 2,863,489	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARKS AND RECREATION FUND \_\_\_\_\_FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES			
Sales taxes	\$ 420,000	609,607	189,607
Charges for services	12,450	16,592	4,142
Intergovernmental	-	177,963	177,963
Investment income	-	118	118
Other income	40	200	160
Total Revenues	432,490	804,480	371,990
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and benefits	220,708	194,930	(25,778)
Services	73,700	63,547	(10,153)
Materials and supplies	49,800	25,532	(24,268)
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>	237,141	237,141
Total Expenditures	344,208	521,150	176,942
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	88,282	283,330	195,048
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(115,055)	(115,055)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (26,773)	168,275	195,048
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		242,550	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	_	\$ 410,825	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The budget is required to include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except for the TIF Fund, Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund, and Pension Tax Fund), Debt Service Funds (except the Debt Service Reserve Fund), and Capital Projects Fund.

The City Council is required to follow these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Preliminary budget proposals are to be submitted by the department heads prior to February 28 for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. These departmental proposals are to be reviewed by the Finance Director in March. From the departmental budget proposals, the Finance Director is to prepare the proposed operating budget of the City, which is to be submitted to the City Council for review and approval. The City Council is to review the proposed budget with each department head in informal sessions held during May.
- b. At one of the semi-monthly City Council meetings in June, a public hearing is to be held providing an opportunity for citizens to comment on the proposed budget before final approval by the City Council.
- c. Prior to June 27 the budget is to be formally approved through passage of a motion by the City Council.
- d. The City Council is to exercise control over the budget at the functional level of expenditures grouped by character. For financial statement presentation purposes, the budget to actual comparison of expenditures is to be by character. Adjustments to the budget must be approved by the City Council, except as previously authorized in the Charter or by ordinance.
- e. Although it is City Council's policy to control expenditures by function and character within each fund, the unfavorable variances by function or by character are not considered a violation of the City ordinances. The City ordinances relative to budgetary control embrace the Missouri State Statutes, which allow a city to appropriate funds to the extent the city has resources on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year and those anticipated to be received during the fiscal year.
- f. Budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except that the other financing source and related capital outlay of capital leases and debt issues in the year the City enters into the agreement are not budgeted.
- g. Any subsequent change or amendment to the adopted budget, as determined necessary by administration or City Council, must be adopted by City Council action through a supplemental appropriation.
- h. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following fund: Parks and Recreation Fund, \$176,942, and Sewer Lateral Fund, \$2,120.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION RETIREMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Total Pension Liability	
Service cost	\$ 1,091,922
Interest on the total pension liability	1,227,628
Assumption changes	8,933,123
Benefit payments	(1,071,087)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	10,181,586
<b>Total Pension Liability Beginning</b>	18,661,389
Total Pension Liability Ending (a)	\$ 28,842,975
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 198,187
Contributions - employee	172,789
Pension plan net investment income	265,091
Benefit payments	(1,071,087)
Pension plan administrative expense	(75,444)
Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(510,464)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Beginning	13,090,553
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Ending (b)	\$ 12,580,089
Net Pension Liability Ending (a-b)	\$ 16,262,886
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	43.62 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,677,527
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage	
of Covered Employee Payroll	607.38 %

Note: Required supplemental information is not available for fiscal years prior to 2015.

	For The Years Ended June 30									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined pension contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,247,121	1,337,551	1,279,952	1,245,038	976,809	855,227	557,893	349,203	422,883	430,898
determined contribution	198,187	204,885	186,654	225,619	246,418	228,800	211,259	221,851	201,789	211,516
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,048,934	1,132,666	1,093,298	1,019,419	730,391	626,427	346,634	127,352	221,094	219,382
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,677,527	2,894,850	3,240,279	3,129,585	2,875,145	2,930,156	2,605,208	2,700,880	2,711,323	2,882,571
Covered Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	7.40 %	7.08	5.76	7.21	8.57	7.81	8.11	8.21	7.44	7.34

#### Notes to schedule:

#### Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age Mortality Entry age normal
Aggregate cost method
5 years smoothed market; 80%-120% corridor
2.50%
4% including wage inflation
7.5%, net of investment and administrative expenses

55 with 10 years of service

RP-2000 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants, and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA for healthy participates

#### Other information:

Assumption changes are reflected in the total pension liability as of July 1, 2014. The assumption change was due to a decrease in the discount rate. It went from 7.50% to 4.36%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS - LAGERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

<b>Total Pension Liability</b>	
Service cost	\$ 168,470
Interest on the total pension liability	669,091
Difference between expected and actual experience	(188,570)
Benefit payments	(529,768)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	119,223
<b>Total Pension Liability Beginning</b>	9,406,331
Total Pension Liability Ending (a)	\$ 9,525,554
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 59,341
Pension plan net investment income	240,665
Benefit payments	(529,768)
Pension plan administrative expense	(10,904)
Other	(25,179)
Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(265,845)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Beginning	12,599,495
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Ending (b)	\$ 12,333,650
Net Pension Liability (Asset) Ending (a-b)	\$ (2,808,096)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	(120, 40), 6(
of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	(129.48) %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,465,711
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(191.59) %

Note: Required supplemental information is not available for fiscal years prior to 2015.

	For The Years Ended June 30									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined pension contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 58,962	101,681	103,255	114,371	94,983	9,522	9,729	8,352	12,286	12,588
determined contribution	58,962	70,395	53,146	46,117	29,682	9,522	9,729	8,352	12,286	12,588
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	31,286	50,109	68,253	65,301					
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,438,108	1,564,329	1,518,450	1,844,685	1,978,810	1,904,411	1,945,739	1,670,448	1,755,085	1,798,274
Covered Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	4.10 %	4.50	3.50	2.50	1.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.70	0.70

#### Notes to schedule:

#### Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of February 28 prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation

Salary increases Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

Entry age normal
Level percent of payroll, closed
Multiple bases from 14 to 23 years
5 years smoothed market; 20% corridor
3.5% wage inflation; 3% price inflation
3.5% to 6.8% including wage inflation
7.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

type of eligibility condition

105% of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back zero years for men and zero years for women. Based upon experience observed during the most recent 5-year period study, it appears that the current table provides for an approximate 13% margin for future mortality improvement.

#### Other information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

	CITY OF BIOTHER SUPP	ERKELEY, MISSOUR LEMENTAL INFORMATION
OTHER SUPPLEMEN	TAL INFORMATIO	ON SECTION

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources (other than special assessment, expendable trust, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for special purposes.

**Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund** -- The TIF Fund provides funding for all activity related to TIF bonds, intended to stimulate private development by providing financing for necessary public improvements.

**Police Training Fund** -- The Police Training Fund provides funding for necessary in-service training for police department personnel.

**Sewer Lateral Fund** -- The Sewer Lateral Fund provides funding for all sewer lateral projects in the City.

**Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) Fund** -- The LLEBG Fund accounts for Local Law Enforcement Block Grants and related expenditures.

**Pension Tax Fund** -- The Pension Tax Fund is used to account for property tax revenue for contributions to the Police and Firemen's Pension Fund.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

**Capital Fund** -- The Capital Fund provides funding for all capital improvement projects relating to the construction, maintenance, and repair of physical infrastructure, primarily financed through the City's 1/2 sales tax for capital improvements.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

\_\_\_\_\_

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

	Police raining	Sewer Lateral	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Capital	Debt Service Reserve	Debt Service Rent	Public Building Bonds/Interest Sinking	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$ 50,748	732,539	187,875	683,406	599,929	143,137	479,720	2,877,354
Receivables:				04.546			20.470	100 001
Taxes	-	-	-	91,642	-	-	39,159	130,801
Other	 -					25,731	<del>-</del> -	25,731
Total Assets	 50,748	732,539	187,875	775,048	599,929	168,868	518,879	3,033,886
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	4,560	7,424	6,555	75,860	-	-	40,000	134,399
Unearned revenue	-	-	17,000	-	_	-	· -	17,000
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	_	19,528	-	19,528
Total Liabilities	4,560	7,424	23,555	75,860		19,528	40,000	170,927
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 						38,865	38,865
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Capital projects	-	-	-	699,188	-	-	-	699,188
Debt service	-	-	-	-	599,929	149,340	440,014	1,189,283
Local law enforcement block grant	-	-	164,320	-	-	-	-	164,320
Police training	46,188	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,188
Sewer lateral	 	725,115	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	725,115
Total Fund Balances	46,188	725,115	164,320	699,188	599,929	149,340	440,014	2,824,094
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Of Resources,								
And Fund Balances	\$ 50,748	732,539	187,875	775,048	599,929	168,868	518,879	3,033,886

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Tax Increment Financing	Police Training	Sewer Lateral	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Pension Tax Fund	Capital	Debt Service Reserve	Debt Service Rent	Public Building Bonds/Interest Sinking	Total
REVENUES					-					
Property taxes	\$ -	-	-	-	198,187	_	_	-	242,125	440,312
Sales taxes	147	-	-	-	-	607,351	-	-	-	607,498
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	143,062	-	143,062
Sewer lateral fees	-	-	85,562	-	-	_	-	-	-	85,562
Investment income	2	15	7,921	21	-	159	27	-	452	8,597
Other income	84	13,700	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	13,784
Total Revenues	233	13,715	93,483	21	198,187	607,510	27	143,062	242,577	1,298,815
EXPENDITURES										
General government	3,208	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	3,208
Public safety	-	13,278	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	13,278
Pension contribution	-	-	-	-	198,187	_	_	_	-	198,187
Capital outlay	-	-	47,120	6,555	-	206,736	_	_	-	260,411
Debt service:			,	,		,				,
Debt principal	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	255,000	-	255,000
Interest and other costs	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	501,021	-	501,021
Total Expenditures	3,208	13,278	47,120	6,555	198,187	206,736		756,021		1,231,105
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES	(2,975)	437	46,363	(6,534)		400,774	27	(612,959)	242,577	67,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	_	_	_	-	_	200,000	_	756,025	-	956,025
Transfer out	_	_	_	-	_	(262,900)	_	-	-	(262,900)
Total Other Financing						(===,,==)				(===,, ==)
Sources (Uses)						(62,900)		756,025		693,125
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,975)	437	46,363	(6,534)	-	337,874	27	143,066	242,577	760,835
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	2,975	45,751	678,752	170,854		361,314	599,902	6,274	197,437	2,063,259
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ -	46,188	725,115	164,320		699,188	599,929	149,340	440,014	2,824,094

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE TRAINING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Ar	riginal nd Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES					
Investment income	\$	13	15	2	
Other income		19,100	13,700	(5,400)	
Total Revenues		19,113	13,715	(5,398)	
EXPENDITURES Training		18,000	13,278	(4,722)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,113	437	(676)	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1			45,751		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			\$ 46,188		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER LATERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Aı	riginal nd Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Sewer lateral fees	\$	85,000	85,562	562
Investment income		165	7,921	7,756
Total Revenues		85,165	93,483	8,318
EXPENDITURES				
Sewer lateral repairs		45,000	47,120	2,120
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	40,165	46,363	6,198
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1			678,752	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			\$ 725,115	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES			
Sales taxes	\$ 522,000	607,351	85,351
Investment income	100	159	59
Other income	13,000	-	(13,000)
Total Revenues	535,100	607,510	72,410
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	678,200	206,736	(471,464)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(143,100)	400,774	543,874
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	321,000	200,000	(121,000)
Transfers out	(262,900)	(262,900)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	58,100	(62,900)	(121,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (85,000)	337,874	422,874
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		361,314	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30		\$ 699,188	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE RENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 143,272	143,062	(210)
EXPENDITURES			
Debt service:			
Debt principal	255,000	255,000	-
Interest and other costs	501,025	501,021	(4)
Total Expenditures	756,025	756,021	(4)
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(612,753)	(612,959)	(206)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	756,025	756,025	_
Transfers out	(143,272)	- -	(143,272)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	612,753	756,025	(143,272)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	143,066	143,066
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		6,274	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	:	\$ 149,340	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC BUILDING BONDS/INTEREST SINKING FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original And Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 284,000	242,125	(41,875)
Investment income	-	452	452
Total Revenues	284,000	242,577	(41,423)
EXPENDITURES			
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 284,000	242,577	(41,423)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		197,437	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30		\$ 440,014	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUILDING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Origin And Fi Budge	nal	Actual		Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES					
Investment income	\$	900	2,2	77	1,377
Other income		-		40	40
Total Revenues		900	2,3	17	1,417
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	1,050	,000	133,7	96_	(916,204)
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$ (1,049)	,100)	(131,4	79)	917,621
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1			3,044,3	77_	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30		;	\$ 2,912,8	98	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Balance June 30 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30 2015
Municipal Court Bonds Fund Assets - restricted cash	\$ 288,372	204,637	290,329	202,680
Liabilities - funds held for others	\$ 288,372	204,637	290,329	202,680



STATISTICAL SECTION

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI STATISTICAL SECTION OVERVIEW

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	69 - 72
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	73 - 78
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	79 - 82
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	83 - 84
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how	
the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	85 - 86

Sources of Data: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	June 30									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015*
Primary government -										
governmental activities:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$ 328,985	492,091	627,649	2,152,519	3,851,767	5,110,519	6,238,082	6,604,996	6,334,713	6,658,657
Restricted:										
Debt service	869,429	664,141	547,236	499,073	297,552	1,005,426	906,297	746,987	839,977	1,228,148
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,008	421,615	361,314	699,188
Special revenue	1,604,204	1,366,970	2,146,162	2,313,911	7,606,789	7,417,653	6,864,155	6,907,137	7,479,974	8,325,303
Unrestricted	(2,742,072)	(971,677)	502,910	243,941	940,140	(552,059)	(1,965,756)	(3,342,256)	(2,873,890)	(1,174,966)
Total	\$ 60,546	1,551,525	3,823,957	5,209,444	12,696,248	12,981,539	12,080,786	11,338,479	12,142,088	15,736,330

<sup>\*</sup>GASB 68 implemented in fiscal year ending 2015.

					For The Year	s Ended June 30				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
EXPENSES										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,263,038	2,118,462	2,004,454	2,353,260	2,422,323	2,607,613	2,952,438	2,807,958	2,769,915	2,479,700
Public safety	5,386,604	5,481,464	5,438,788	5,376,071	5,908,013	6,544,031	6,930,162	6,897,288	6,156,773	7,251,355
Public works	1,532,498	1,446,034	1,377,889	1,664,538	1,647,303	1,961,128	1,833,670	1,473,129	1,489,985	1,304,750
Parks and recreation	538,044	467,363	504,999	449,385	682,170	739,517	704,570	518,407	414,848	384,482
Community development	-	-	-	85,768	67,143	267	7,305	131,700	-	53,092
Interest	144,051	129,476	133,756	89,387	73,805	550,943	581,897	538,904	519,052	499,522
Total Expenses	9,864,235	9,642,799	9,459,886	10,018,409	10,800,757	12,403,499	13,010,042	12,367,386	11,350,573	11,972,901
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	883,020	636,733	630,067	720,683	699,303	614,556	656,051	584,663	576,237	639,559
Public safety	1,173,830	1,018,006	941,430	823,728	923,286	1,099,080	1,236,607	1,097,476	1,287,809	978,848
Public works	271,640	346,689	318,461	253,892	422,611	440,429	419,927	409,164	409,343	589,261
Parks and recreation	30,427	22,618	34,081	49,417	33,035	32,134	32,536	25,956	16,613	16,592
Operating grants and contributions	811,888	747,049	754,396	606,391	647,190	962,941	706,619	546,979	825,480	950,746
Capital grants and contributions	70,084	-	248,400	505,083	7,291,647	171,630	150,298	218,907	16,400	1,181,221
Total Program Revenues	3,240,889	2,771,095	2,926,835	2,959,194	10,017,072	3,320,770	3,202,038	2,883,145	3,131,882	4,356,227
NET EXPENSES										
Governmental activities	(6,623,346)	(6,871,704)	(6,533,051)	(7,059,215)	(783,685)	(9,082,729)	(9,808,004)	(9,484,241)	(8,218,691)	(7,616,674)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGE IN NET										
POSITION										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property	2,010,215	2,156,411	2,240,009	2,152,031	2,102,243	2,400,337	2,410,836	1,896,712	2,241,577	2,034,396
Sales	2,661,495	3,261,099	3,210,106	3,395,747	3,064,922	3,572,335	3,473,229	3,389,439	3,449,820	3,735,363
Utility	1,991,187	1,927,415	2,768,749	2,314,267	2,482,363	2,755,554	2,485,617	2,578,498	2,613,767	2,521,293
Business licenses	444,595	451,290	456,996	472,227	488,334	417,913	465,522	484,347	478,158	420,042
Investment income	39,297	70,926	67,901	50,421	125,386	131,668	3,012	2,674	3,589	15,083
Other	81,599	130,604	61,722	60,009	98,361	90,213	249,933	341,265	235,389	271,527
Gain on sale of capital assets		364,938			5,769			48,999		
Total General Revenues										
And Other Changes In										
Net Position	7,228,388	8,362,683	8,805,483	8,444,702	8,367,378	9,368,020	9,088,149	8,741,934	9,022,300	8,997,704
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities	\$ 605,042	1,490,979	2,272,432	1,385,487	7,583,693	285,291	(719,855)	(742,307)	803,609	1,381,030

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

\_\_\_LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		June 30									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$ -	-	-	-	-	80,573	18,769	26,332	46,330	323,367	
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,627	-	-	106,651	
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	_	1,113,405	246,332	(23,726)	1,344,546	3,201,051	
Reserved	5,057	14,436	323,171	193,889	191,507	-	-	-	-	-	
Unreserved	(2,105,356)	(85,775)	1,066,387	1,432,979	1,350,309						
Total General Fund	\$ (2,100,299)	(71,339)	1,389,558	1,626,868	1,541,816	1,193,978	276,728	2,606	1,390,876	3,631,069	
All Other Governmental Funds											
Nonspendable	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,400	
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	8,738,083	7,808,459	8,050,377	8,647,876	10,203,374	
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	(89,239)	-	-	-	-	
Reserved:											
Debt service	654,618	622,864	517,118	477,939	276,336	-	-	-	-	-	
Encumbrances	3,975	38,601	19,968	142,969	256,371	-	-	-	-	-	
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special Revenue Funds	2,056,410	1,328,369	2,126,194	1,875,712	5,342,773						
Total All Other Governmental											
Funds	\$ 2,715,003	1,989,834	2,663,280	2,496,620	5,875,480	8,648,844	7,808,459	8,050,377	8,647,876	10,213,774	

Notes:

GASB 54 was implemented in 2011.

				1	For The Years I	Ended June 30				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 1,979,396	2,178,971	2,265,030	2,147,856	2,104,516	2,342,287	2,435,677	1,875,085	2,158,838	2,205,264
Sales taxes	2,571,311	3,090,101	3,046,264	3,233,445	2,894,468	3,399,807	3,346,183	3,278,423	3,359,148	3,662,606
Hotel/motel fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,940	134,634	121,144
Utility taxes	1,991,187	1,927,415	2,768,749	2,314,267	2,482,363	2,755,554	2,485,617	2,578,498	2,613,767	2,521,293
Licenses, permits, fines,										
and other fees	2,701,103	2,237,063	2,129,283	2,262,128	2,393,595	2,402,725	2,570,574	2,324,963	2,445,384	2,406,163
Intergovernmental	868,310	780,807	1,035,573	1,009,088	5,306,952	1,042,555	3,874,031	891,832	752,621	1,216,088
Sewer lateral fees	89,480	91,587	88,815	85,778	88,082	86,625	85,188	84,827	84,077	85,562
Investment income	42,219	75,101	67,901	50,431	4,386	3,947	3,012	2,674	3,589	15,083
Other income	308,932	356,853	267,892	270,512	367,681	349,308	350,955	309,504	419,447	838,567
Total Revenues	10,551,938	10,737,898	11,669,507	11,373,505	15,642,043	12,382,808	15,151,237	11,488,746	11,971,505	13,071,770
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	2,223,522	2,080,198	1,819,984	2,130,373	2,339,822	2,291,378	2,529,575	2,444,783	2,338,051	2,105,028
Public safety	4,867,707	4,984,566	4,899,661	5,043,292	5,293,830	5,667,529	5,804,183	5,501,516	4,760,714	4,237,037
Public works	1,289,121	1,191,843	1,225,454	1,596,308	1,480,776	1,577,913	1,548,973	1,249,809	1,292,480	1,111,781
Parks and recreation	390,759	377,892	417,094	364,757	562,528	613,510	528,320	468,583	285,672	284,009
Community		ŕ	,	,	,	ŕ	,	,	ŕ	ŕ
development	-	-	_	83,618	69,784	267	21,295	110	_	53,092
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	77,383	63,299	-	-	4,725
Capital outlay	473,301	483,697	526,397	1,715,349	2,115,513	8,305,099	4,839,527	396,690	275,001	713,986
Debt service:		,		,,-	, -,-	-,,	,,-	,	,	,
Debt principal	306,219	407,840	518,469	376,189	414,018	687,479	999,950	909,761	513,552	255,000
Interest and other costs	107,311	293,099	128,105	81,179	71,964	433,920	573,750	598,697	520,266	501,021
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-	-	158,157	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	9,657,940	9,819,135	9,535,164	11,391,065	12,348,235	19,812,635	16,908,872	11,569,949	9,985,736	9,265,679
REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDI-										
TURES	893,998	918,763	2,134,343	(17,560)	3,293,808	(7,429,827)	(1,757,635)	(81,203)	1,985,769	3,806,091
TOKES	693,996	910,703	2,134,343	(17,500)	3,293,808	(7,429,621)	(1,757,033)	(61,203)	1,965,709	3,800,091
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	-	1,544,507	-	170,000	213,093	2,031,494	675,000	671,639	715,243	984,455
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	-	88,210	-	758,117	-	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term										
debt	-	-	-	-	-	9,095,000	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	374,836	-	-	-	-	-	48,999	-	-
Premium on issuance of										
long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	2,236	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		(1,544,507)	-	(170,000)	(213,093)	(2,031,494)	(675,000)	(671,639)	(715,243)	(984,455)
Total Other										
Financing										
Sources (Uses)		374,836		88,210		9,855,353		48,999		
NET CHANGE IN										
FUND BALANCES	\$ 893,998	1,293,599	2,134,343	70,650	3,293,808	2,425,526	(1,757,635)	(32,204)	1,985,769	3,806,091
DEBT SERVICE AS A										
PERCENTAGE OF										
NONCAPITAL	4.5 %	7.4	7.0	4.7	4.6	9.3	10.4	12.5	10.5	8.9
EXPENDITURES	4.5 %	7.4	7.0	4.7	4.6	9.3	12.4	13.5	10.5	8.9

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Property Taxes	 Sales Taxes (1)	tility Gross Receipts Taxes	 Other Taxes (2)	Tota	al
2006	\$ 1,979,396	\$ 2,571,311	\$ 1,991,187	\$ 868,310	\$ 7,410	0,204
2007	2,178,971	3,090,101	1,927,415	780,807	7,977	7,294
2008	2,265,030	3,046,264	2,768,749	1,004,801	9,084	4,844
2009	2,147,856	3,233,445	2,314,267	637,405	8,332	2,973
2010	2,104,516	2,894,468	2,482,363	661,305	8,142	2,652
2011	2,342,287	3,399,807	2,755,554	657,986	9,155	5,634
2012	2,435,677	3,346,183	2,485,617	555,154	8,822	2,631
2013	1,875,085	3,278,423	2,578,498	490,055	8,222	2,061
2014	2,158,838	3,359,148	2,613,767	511,642	8,643	3,395
2015	2,205,264	3,662,606	2,521,293	516,915	8,906	5,078

#### Notes:

- (1) In 2006, the City began collecting 1/2 cent sales tax for park/storm water activities and a 1/4 cent sales tax for equipment for the municipal fire department.
- (2) Other taxes include cigarette, gasoline, automobile sales, and road and bridge.

The City participates in the county-wide sales tax sharing pool and a point of sale sharing; therefore, sales tax is not the City's own source of revenue.

For The Years Ended June 30	City Direct Rate	St. Louis County	State Of Missouri	Direct And Overlapping	Sales Tax Revenues	Taxable Sales (1)
2006	1.500 %	1.850 %	4.225 %	7.575 %	\$ 2,571,311	\$ 102,852,440
2007	1.500	1.850	4.225	7.575	3,090,101	123,604,040
2008	1.500	1.850	4.225	7.575	3,046,264	121,850,560
2009	1.500	2.100	4.225	7.825	3,233,445	129,337,800
2010	2.000	2.200	4.225	8.425	2,894,468	96,482,267
2011	2.000	2.700	4.225	8.925	3,399,807	103,791,807
2012	2.000	2.700	4.225	8.925	3,346,183	98,801,928
2013	2.000	2.888	4.225	9.113	3,278,423	99,714,970
2014	2.000	2.888	4.225	9.113	3,359,148	107,349,342
2015	2.000	2.888	4.225	9.113	3,662,606	115,312,714

(1) Taxable sales reported by the Missouri Department of Revenue. State law prohibits the disclosure of specific taxpayer information.

#### Notes:

The City participates in the county-wide sales tax sharing pool, which is generally distributed based on population.

The City's direct rate is made up of the following:

- 0.500% Capital improvements sales tax
- 0.500% Parks and stormwater sales tax effective 2006
- 0.250% Fire equipment sales tax effective 2006
- 0.250% Local option sales tax effective 2006
- 0.500% Economic development sales tax effective 2010

## CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real P	roperty	Persona	l Property	Total	Total	Total	Ratio Of Assessed Value To Total
Fiscal	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Direct	<b>Estimated</b>	<b>Estimated</b>
Year	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Value	Tax Rate	Actual Value	Actual Value
2006	\$ 129,390,845	\$ 481,185,738	\$ 49,121,210	\$ 147,363,777	\$ 178,512,055	1.165 %	\$ 628,549,515	28.4 %
2007	129,131,292	482,422,517	50,320,268	150,960,804	179,451,560	1.274	633,383,321	28.3
2008	154,415,058	586,276,353	59,172,156	196,088,100	213,587,214	1.202	782,364,453	27.3
2009	153,396,053	545,520,727	66,026,712	210,814,371	219,422,765	1.139	756,335,098	29.0
2010	146,963,170	556,391,912	64,644,727	184,984,812	211,607,897	1.145	741,376,724	28.5
2011	148,166,886	612,188,173	61,661,604	145,736,394	209,828,490	1.214	757,924,567	27.7
2012	169,101,914	589,362,366	48,578,798	162,220,062	217,680,712	1.220	751,582,428	29.0
2013	145,742,063	532,880,404	51,144,934	153,434,802	196,886,997	1.197	686,315,206	28.7
2014	141,498,348	519,061,905	50,331,038	150,993,114	191,829,386	1.186	670,055,019	28.6
2015	140,454,059	504,721,575	56,810,946	170,432,838	197,265,005	1.232	675,154,413	29.2

Source of Data: St. Louis County Assessor. Property is assessed as of January 1. Taxes levied become due and payable on November 1 and delinquent after December 31.

# PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Property Ta	x Rates		
	Direct Rates		Overlapping	g Rates		
Fiscal Year	City	School District	County	State	Other	Total
2006	1.165 %	5.04 %	0.58 %	0.03 %	1.724 %	8.54 %
2007	1.274	5.04	0.58	0.03	1.724	8.65
2008	1.202	5.04	0.58	0.03	1.724	8.58
2009	1.139	5.04	0.58	0.03	1.724	8.51
2010	1.145	5.02	0.58	0.03	1.724	8.50
2011	1.214	5.02	0.58	0.03	1.976	8.82
2012	1.220	5.02	0.58	0.03	1.976	8.83
2013	1.197	5.04	0.64	0.03	2.222	9.13
2014	1.186	5.04	0.52	0.03	2.266	9.04
2015	1.232	5.54	0.52	0.03	2.289	9.61

Note: Assessed valuation is \$197,265,005. City direct rate is the real estate residential rate.

Source of Data: St. Louis County Assessor

		2015			2007	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Of Total City Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Of Total City Assessed Value
The Boeing Company	\$ 57,764,350	1	29.28 %	\$ 83,529,060	1	46.55 %
Express Scripts, Inc.	7,342,750	2	3.72	-	-	-
Hotel St. Louis Natural Bridge LP	6,687,840	3	3.39	4,403,040	4	2.45
Enterprise Holdings	6,461,280	4	3.28	7,036,540	2	3.92
Tax Advisors Group	5,224,670	5	2.65	-	-	-
Ameren	4,158,142	6	2.11	-	-	-
Stag Hazelwood, LLC	3,416,000	7	1.73	-	-	-
Northpark Partners Hotel LLC	2,622,190	8	1.33	-	-	-
McEagle VC, LLC	2,582,720	9	1.31	-	-	-
Gallus Biopharmaceuticals	2,556,180	10	1.30	-	-	-
Centocor	-	-	-	6,950,710	3	3.87
Thomson Professional and Regulatory Inc.	-	-	-	3,986,320	5	2.22
Hazelwood Distribution Center LLC	-	-	-	2,914,560	6	1.62
Supervalue Holdings, Inc.	-	-	-	2,876,890	7	1.60
Southwest Airlines Company	-	-	-	2,421,390	8	1.35
First Industrial LP	-	-	-	2,208,000	9	1.23
Graham Packaging Company		-	-	2,143,760	10	1.19
Total	\$ 98,816,122			\$ 118,470,270		
Total Assessed Value	\$ 197,265,005			\$ 179,451,560		

Source of Data: St. Louis County

Note: Information prior to 2007 is not available.

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent Of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections/ Adjustments	Total Tax Collections	Total Collections As Percent Of Current Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes As Percent Of Current Levy
2006	\$ 1,997,407	\$ 1,819,948	91.1 %	\$ 170,649	\$ 1,990,597	99.7 %	\$ 212	0.0 %
2007	2,163,802	2,004,424	92.6	152,153	2,156,577	99.7	602	0.0
2008	2,225,495	2,097,372	94.2	121,682	2,219,054	99.7	1,418	0.1
2009	2,147,225	1,997,164	93.0	133,672	2,130,836	99.2	2,454	0.1
2010	2,178,365	2,018,782	92.7	141,343	2,160,125	99.2	5,143	0.2
2011	2,303,926	2,219,453	96.3	66,773	2,286,226	99.2	24,215	1.1
2012	2,353,745	1,556,998	66.1	782,703	2,339,701	99.4	29,214	1.2
2013	2,294,726	1,968,794	85.8	74,941	2,043,735	89.1	45,936	2.0
2014	2,271,066	2,058,570	90.6	49,486	2,108,056	92.8	163,010	7.2
2015	2,259,059	2,059,295	91.2	-	2,059,295	91.2	199,764	8.8

Source of Data: St. Louis County Assessor

Data for delinquent tax collection, excluding penalties and interest, is not available by levy year.

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental Activities									
For The Years Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates Of Participation	]	TIF Revenue Bonds		TIF Notes Payable		apital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage Of Personal Income	Per apita
2006	\$ 2,380,000	\$ -	\$	450,310	\$	25,000	\$	_	\$ 2,855,310	1.98 %	\$ 284
2007	2,070,000	-		423,094		25,000		-	2,518,094	1.74	250
2008	1,750,000	-		224,625		25,000		-	1,999,625	1.39	199
2009	1,420,000	-		191,820		25,000		74,823	1,711,643	1.19	170
2010	1,080,000	-		134,528		25,000		58,097	1,297,625	0.90	129
2011	730,000	8,777,012		134,528		25,000	,	798,735	10,465,275	8.13	1,166
2012	370,000	8,536,788		-		25,000	:	533,313	9,465,101	7.35	1,054
2013	-	8,291,564		-		-	,	263,552	8,555,116	6.64	953
2014	-	8,041,340		-		-		-	8,041,340	6.25	896
2015	-	7,786,116		-		-		-	7,786,116	6.05	867

# RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt	Less - Debt Service Fund	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio Of Net Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2006	10,063	\$ 178,512,055	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 333,472	\$ 2,046,528	1.1 %	\$ 203.37
2007	10,063	179,451,560	2,070,000	408,812	1,661,188	0.9	165.08
2008	10,063	213,587,214	1,750,000	440,295	1,309,705	0.6	130.15
2009	10,063	219,422,765	1,420,000	357,699	1,062,301	0.5	105.57
2010	10,063	211,607,897	1,080,000	165,312	914,688	0.4	90.90
2011	8,978	209,828,490	730,000	152,545	577,455	0.3	64.32
2012	8,978	217,680,712	370,000	158,866	211,134	0.1	23.52
2013	8,978	196,886,997	-	-	-	-	-
2014	8,978	191,829,386	-	-	-	-	-
2015	8,978	197,265,005	-	-	-	-	-

Sources of Data: St. Louis County Assessor, U.S. Census Bureau, and U.S. Department of Commerce

### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

**JUNE 30, 2015** 

Name Of Governmental Unit	Total Debt Outstanding	Governmental Unit's Applicable Percentage	Share Of Debt
Direct:			
City of Berkeley	\$ 7,786,116	100.00 %	\$ 7,786,116
Overlapping:			
School District - Ferguson R-2 Reorganized	17,400,000	21.47	3,735,780
School District - Hazelwood	249,349,121	1.11	2,767,775
St. Louis County	105,615,000	1.00	1,056,150
			7,559,705
			\$ 15,345,821

Sources of Data: Information was obtained by contacting the Taxing Jurisdiction and the St. Louis County Collector's office. The percentage applicable to the City is based on the jurisdiction's assessed value within the boundaries of the City.

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 17,851,206	17,945,156	21,358,721	21,942,277	21,160,790	20,982,849	21,768,071	19,688,700	19,182,939	19,726,501
Total net debt applicable to limit*	2,046,528	1,661,188	1,309,705	1,062,301	914,688	577,455	211,134			
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 15,804,678	16,283,968	20,049,016	20,879,976	20,246,102	20,405,394	21,556,937	19,688,700	19,182,939	19,726,501
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.46 %	9.26	6.13	4.84	4.32	2.75	0.97	-	-	-
				I	Legal debt margin Assessed value	calculation for f	scal year 2015:			\$ 197,265,005
		Debt limit (10% of assessed value)  Debt applicable to limit:  General obligation bonds  Less - Amount set aside for payment of general obligation bonds  Total Debt Applicable To Limit							\$ 19,726,501 - - -	
					I	Legal Debt Marg	in			\$ 19,726,501

\*Under Article VI, Sections 26(b) and 26(c) of the Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of 2/3 of the qualified electors thereof voting thereon, may incur general obligation bonded indebtedness for City purposes in an amount not to exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable tangible property within the City as ascertained by the last completed assessment for state or county purposes. Under Section 26(d) of said Article VI, the City may incur general obligation indebtedness not exceeding in the aggregate an additional 10% of the aforesaid assessed valuation "for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, constructing, extending, and improving sanitary or storm sewer systems" and under Section 26(e) of said Article IV, additional general obligation indebtedness may be incurred for "purchasing or construction, waterworks, electric, or other light plants to be owned exclusively by the City, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City shall not exceed 20% of the assessed valuation."

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

For The Years Ended June 30	Population (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Median Age (3)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2006	10,063	\$ 144,313,483	\$ 14,341	34	5.1 %
2007	10,063	144,313,483	14,341	34	5.2
2008	10,063	144,313,483	14,341	34	5.4
2009	10,063	144,313,483	14,341	34	11.6
2010	10,063	144,313,483	14,341	34	9.1
2011	8,978	128,753,498	14,341	42	8.8
2012	8,978	128,753,498	14,341	42	7.1
2013	8,978	128,753,498	14,341	42	7.1
2014	8,978	128,753,498	14,341	31	7.1
2015	8,978	128,753,498	14,341	33	5.8

### Sources of Data:

- (1) St. Louis County Department of Planning
- (2) Missouri Division of Employment Security
- (3) Census Bureau

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND EIGHT YEARS AGO

	Rai	nk
<b>Employer</b>	2015	2007
The Boeing Company	1	1
Cott Beverages	2	-
Univar USA, Inc.	3	2
John Henry Foster Co.	4	5
ESI	5	-
RBD St. Louis, LLC	6	7
Mueller Machine & Tool Co.	7	6
Signature Flight Support	8	-
Enterprise Leasing	9	-
Smurfit Stone, Inc.	10	4
Graham Packaging Company	-	3
Metalflex Sales, Inc.	-	8
Skinner & Kennedy Company	-	9
JBM Electronics Company	-	10

Notes: Data based on merchant license information. The City did not track principal employer information prior to 2007. Also, the City has not tracked number of employees and percentage of total City employment as of fiscal year 2015.

### CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI FULL-TIME CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS \_LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	For The Years Ended June 30										
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
General government:											
Office of the City Manager	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	4	4	
City clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Finance	9	9	9	11	9	4	3	6	5	5	
Legal	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
IT information services	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	1	1	
Public safety:											
Police	60	59	57	54	56	58	57	59	43	41	
Fire	31	31	27	30	27	26	28	28	22	22	
Public works:											
Public works	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	
Inspections	7	7	8	9	7	8	7	2	5	5	
Streets	14	14	8	7	10	9	9	10	6	6	
Central garage	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	
Facilities maintenance	2	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	
Parks and recreation:											
Parks and recreation	5	6	6	5	5	7	5	4	3	3	
Total	138	137	127	128	126	128	124	124	99	98	

## CITY OF BERKELEY, MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	For The Years Ended June 30									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Fire Protection and EMS:										
Number of calls answered	1,695	1,665	1,959	1,889	976	1,956	1,898	2,573	2,427	-
Police Protection:										
Number of law violations	45,769	43,444	28,051	24,032	23,634	19,530	31,885	40,211	40,091	28,473